

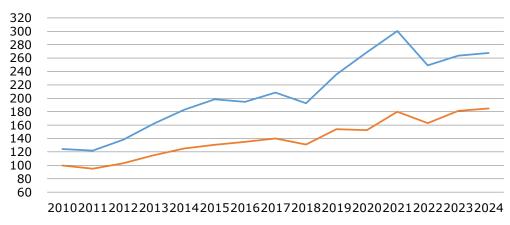


Offensive

- You are aware of the risks of investing.
- You take these risks because you aim to achieve significant capital growth.
- The portion of your assets to which this risk profile applies does not necessarily have to contribute to your income or other goals.
- * You are aware of the dynamics of the stock exchange and you accept the associated risks.
- You accept that the value of the invested assets can fluctuate substantially because of the high percentage of shares in your portfolio.
- You invest your assets for a minimum period of seven years.
- Your portfolio consists of shares, bonds and liquid assets.

	Bandwidth	ndwidth Neutrale weighting	
Shares	60 - 80%	70%	
Bonds	15 - 25%	20%	
Liquid Assets	0 - 25%	10%	

Trend in returns (growth per €100)



Offensive — Offensief

Source: Fair Capital Partners Asset Management

The returns shown were achieved in the past. The value of your investment can fluctuate.

Past results do not guarantee future results.

Average gross return	3 years	5 years	10 years	15 years
Offensive Profile	-3,8%	2,6%	3,9%	6,4%
Benchmark*	0,9%	3,7%	4,0%	4,7%

Source: Fair Capital Partners Asset Management

The returns shown are the average annual returns before deduction of costs.

* Composed of, untill 31-Dec-2023: 35% MSCI World, 35% Eurotop 100, 20% Citi Netherlands GBI 5-7y, 10% Liq. from 1-Jan-2024: 17,5% MSCI World, 17,5% Next Index, 35% Eurotop 100, 20% Citi Netherlands GBI 5-7y, 10% Liq.



What is the risk meter?

The risk meter indicates the level of the risk of the investments in a risk profile. This risk is based on the volatility of the return and the correlation between the different investment categories. The standardised graphical representation gives you more of a point of reference when comparing the different profile names that are used in the market. The risk meter indicates the volatility of the investments in a risk profile in the future, but is no guarantee.

The principles of the risk meter:

- The risk meter assumes a diversified investment portfolio. A less diversified investment portfolio mostly entails a higher risk. Therefore please also read the information about the diversification risk.
- The risk meter assumes a long time horizon. The shorter the time horizon and the more volatile the share prices, the less time there is to compensate poor returns with good returns.
- The risk meter concerns the investment mix in a profile and not the actual investments.

What is neutral weighting?

The neutral weighting is the portion of the portfolio that is invested in a certain investment category under neutral market conditions. This portion is expressed as a percentage. For example: under the Neutral risk profile, there is a neutral weighting of 50% in the investment category shares. Depending on the current situation on the financial markets, we adjust the weightings. However, the weightings will always remain within the bandwidths of your risk profile.